WAG 3 STAGING, STORAGE, SIZING, AND TREATMENT FACILITY

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	If storage areas only store containers that do not contain free liquid, except for FO20, FO21, FO22,	stain free liquid, except for FO20, FO21, FO22, 23, FO26, and FO27 listed wastes, then design			how this liquid is piped to the EP, if transfer to the EP is via piping. Applies only if contents of the collection sump discharge into waters	Load/Load Area
						2.2.1 Disposal Staging Area
	FO23, FO26, and FO27 listed wastes, then design and operate the containment system as described in			If the collected material is discharged through a point source to waters of the United States, it is subject to the requirements of the Clean Water Act, Section 402.		2.2.2 Treatment Staging Area
	(c)(1) through (c)(2).		Section 402 of the Clean Water Act			2.2.3 Liquid Waste Staging Area
					of the United States.	2.2.4 Empty Waste Container Storage/Staging Area
						2.3.1 Disposal Staging Area
						2.3.2 Treatment Staging Area
				·		2.3.3 Special Waste Storage/Staging Area
						3.1 Packaging for Off-Site Disposal
						3.2 Secondary Waste Storage
						3.3 Waste Sizing
	·					3.4 Treatment Staging
1						3.5 Solid Waste Treatment
						3.6 Liquid Waste Treatment
40 CFR 264.176	(a) Containers holding ignitable or reactive waste	Design and Operations:	None	N/A	N/A	1.2 Transport Load Inspection
Special requirements for	must be located at least 15 meters (50) feet from the facility's property line.	(a) Do not store containers that hold ignitable or reactive wastes less the 15 meters (50 feet) inside the property line.				and Verification
ignitable or reactive waste	facility's property line.					2.1.1 Solid Waste Off- Load/Load Area
						2.1.2 Liquid Waste Off- Load/Load Area
						2.2.1 Disposal Staging Area
					·	2.2.2 Treatment Staging Area
						2.2.3 Liquid Waste Staging Area
						2.2.4 Empty Waste Container Storage/Staging Area
						2.3.1 Disposal Staging Area
						2.3.2 Treatment Staging Area
						2.3.3 Special Waste Storage/Staging Area
						3.1 Packaging for Off-Site Disposal
						3.2 Secondary Waste Storage
						3.3 Waste Sizing

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						3.4 Treatment Staging
·						3.5 Solid Waste Treatment
	·					3.6 Liquid Waste Treatment
40 CFR 264.177 Special	Incompatible wastes, or incompatible wastes and materials (see appendix V for examples), must not be	Operations: Do not store incompatible wastes in the	40 CFR 264.17(b)	General requirements for ignitable, reactive, or incompatible wastes. Incompatible wastes will not be	Operations	1.2 Transport Load Inspection and Verification
requirements for incompatible wastes	placed in the same container, unless 40 CFR 264.17(b) is complied with.	same container.		stored in the same container.		2.1.1 Solid Waste Off- Load/Load Area
	Hazardous waste must not be placed in an unwashed container that previously held an incompatible waste or material. [Comment: As required by 40 CFR	Design: Storage of containers holding hazardous waste that is incompatible with other	40 CFR 264.17(c)	Incompatible wastes will not be stored in the same container.	Operations	2.1.2 Liquid Waste Off- Load/Load Area
	264.13, the waste analysis plan must include analyses needed to comply with 40 CFR 264.177.	nearby containers, piles, open tanks or surface impoundments must be separated				2.2.1 Disposal Staging Area
	Also, 40 CFR 264.17(c) requires wastes analyses,	or protected from them by a dike, berm,	40 CFR 264.13	(a)(1) Before an owner or operator treats, stores, or disposes of any hazardous wastes, or non-hazardous	Operations: This requirement will be	2.2.2 Treatment Staging Area
	trial tests or other documentation to assure compliance with 40 CFR 264.17(b). As required by	wall or other means.	General waste analysis	wastes if applicable under 40 CFR 264.113	met by the process for waste acceptance and tracking for all	2.2.3 Liquid Waste Staging Area
	40 CFR 264.73, the owner or operator must place the results of each waste analysis and trial test, and any	[Comment: The purpose of this section is to prevent fires, explosions, gaseous	-		incoming waste. 40 CFR 264.13 is met by complying with 261 and 268, cited	2.2.4 Empty Waste Container Storage/Staging Area
· ·	documented information, in the operating record of	emission, leaching, or other discharge of hazardous waste or hazardous waste			in other parts of this table.	2.3.1 Disposal Staging Area
	the facility.]	constituents which could result from the				2.3.2 Treatment Staging Area
	A storage container holding a hazardous waste that is incompatible with any waste or other materials stored nearby in other containers, piles, open tanks,	mixing of incompatible wastes or materials if containers break or leak.]	40 CFR 264.73 Operating record	Operating Record.	Administrative requirement. Does not affect SSSTF design	2.3.3 Special Waste Storage/Staging Area
	or surface impoundments must be separated from the other materials or protected from them by means of a				·	3.1 Packaging for Off-Site Disposal
	dike, berm, wall, or other device					3.2 Secondary Waste Storage
						3.3 Waste Sizing
						3.4 Treatment Staging
·						3.5 Solid Waste Treatment
						3.6 Liquid Waste Treatment
40 CFR 264.178 Closure	At closure, all hazardous waste and hazardous waste residues must be removed from the containment	Operations: At closure all hazardous waste and hazardous waste residues must	40 CFR 261.3(d)	Describes requirements for a solid waste to be a non-hazardous waste.	Operational: This will apply at closure to determine if parts of the SSSTF are	1.2 Transport Load Inspection and Verification
,	system. Remaining containers, liners, bases, and soil containing or contaminated with hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues must be decontaminated or	be removed from the containment system.			determined to be hazardous waste for disposal in the ICDF Landfill or shipped offsite for disposal.	2.1.1 Solid Waste Off- Load/Load Area
	removed. [Comment: At closure, as throughout the operating period, unless the owner or operator can		<i>2</i>			2.1.2 Liquid Waste Off- Load/Load Area
	demonstrate in accordance with 40 CFR 261.3(d) of this chapter that the solid waste removed from the		40 CFR 262 - 266	Standards Applicable to Generators of Hazardous	Operational requirements for generators. These Include	2.2.1 Disposal Staging Area
1	containment system is not a hazardous waste, the			wastes	requirements for the accumulation of	2.2.2 Treatment Staging Area
	owner or operator becomes a generator of hazardous waste and must manage it in accordance with all				hazardous waste, preparing hazardous waste for shipment, and preparing	2.2.3 Liquid Waste Staging Area

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	applicable requirements of parts 262 through 266 of this chapter].				hazardous waste manifests. These will apply at closure if parts of the SSSTF are determined to be hazardous wastes that must go off-site for disposal.	2.2.4 Empty Waste Container Storage/Staging Area
						2.3.1 Disposal Staging Area
						2.3.2 Treatment Staging Area
						2.3.3 Special Waste Storage/Staging Area
						3.1 Packaging for Off-Site Disposal
						3.2 Secondary Waste Storage
						3.3 Waste Sizing
						3.4 Treatment Staging
						3.5 Solid Waste Treatment
						3.6 Liquid Waste Treatment
CFR 264.179 Air ssion standards	The owner or operator shall manage all hazardous waste placed in a container in accordance with the applicable requirements of subparts AA, BB, and CC	Operations: The SSSTF is exempt from these standards because Per	40 CFR Subpart AA, BB, CC	Per 264.1082 (b)(1) If a tank, surface impoundment, or container for which all hazardous waste entering the	Operations: exempt. Does not impact design of the SSSTF.	1.2 Transport Load Inspection and Verification
	of this part.	264.1082(b)(1), if a tank, surface impoundment, or container for which all hazardous waste entering the unit has an	,	unit has an average VO concentration a the point of waste origination of less than 500 parts per million by weight (ppmw) then it exempt from these standards.		2.1.1 Solid Waste Off- Load/Load Area
		average VO concentration a the point of waste origination of less than 500 parts per million by weight (ppmw), then it				2.1.2 Liquid Waste Off- Load/Load Area
		exempt from these standards.				2.2.1 Disposal Staging Area
						2.2.2 Treatment Staging Area
						2.2.3 Liquid Waste Staging Are
						2.2.4 Empty Waste Container Storage/Staging Area
						2.3.1 Disposal Staging Area
						2.3.2 Treatment Staging Area
						2.3.3 Special Waste Storage/Staging Area
						3.1 Packaging for Off-Site Disposal
						3.2 Secondary Waste Storage
						3.3 Waste Sizing
						3.4 Treatment Staging
						3.5 Solid Waste Treatment
						3.6 Liquid Waste Treatment

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Operations, Design, or SSSTF/ICDF Complex Operations, Design, or Administrative Functional Block Flow Administrative Requirement for Invoked Citation **Invoked ARAR Requirement ARAR Citation ARAR Requirement** Requirement for ARAR Diagram Block Number Invoked ARAR 2.1.1 Solid Waste Off-40 CFR 270.11(d) (d)(1) Any person signing a document under Requirements apply to design No part B will be submitted (this is an See regulatory text for specifics. **IDAPA** paragraph (a) or (b) of this must make the following engineers and others signatory to the Load/Load Area Signatories to permit administrative requirement). 58.01.05.008 (40 The substantative requirement is that the tank system certification: I certify under penalty of law that this design. applications and CFR 264.192) 2.2.1 Disposal Staging Area has sufficient structural integrity and is acceptable document and all attachments were prepared under my reports. for the storing and treating of hazardous waste, as Design and direction or supervision according to a system 2.2.2 Treatment Staging Area installation of new noted in the text. designed to assure that qualified personnel properly 2.2.3 Liquid Waste Staging Area tank systems or gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based components on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage 2.3.1 Disposal Staging Area the system, or those persons directly responsible for 2.3.2 Treatment Staging Area gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, 2.3.3 Special Waste accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are Storage/Staging Area significant penalties for submitting false information, 3.1 Packaging for Off-Site including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for Disposal knowing violations. 3.2 Secondary Waste Storage 3.4 Treatment Staging 40 CFR 264.18(a) Lists requirements that apply only if the tank is in a Not applicable to the SSSTF saturated zone or in a seismic zone. 3.5 Solid Waste Treatment 3.6 Liquid Waste Treatment 4.2 Solids Collection 4.3 Liquids Collection 1.2 Transport Load Inspection Operational. Does not apply to the 40 CFR 264.73 (a) The owner or operator must keep a written **IDAPA** The owner or operator of a landfill must maintain the Does not apply to the design of the and Verification SSSTF design. The hazardous waste 58.01.05.008 (40 SSSTF. These are operational operating record at his facility. following items in the operating record required Operating Record type will be confirmed and recorded in requirements for the ICDF Landfill. See CFR 264.309(a) and under 40 CFR 264.73: 1.3 Record Keeping the Waste Verification activities invoked ARAR for SSSTF operations On a map, the exact location and dimensions, conducted at the SSSTF. The SSSTF affected. 40 CFR 264.70 The regulations in this subpart apply to owners and Landfills: including depth, of each cell with respect to will also be the office facility where Applicability operators of both on-site and off-site facilities, except permanently surveyed benchmarks; and Surveying and records of disposal to the ICDF are as 40 CFR 264.1 provides otherwise. Record keeping b) The contents of each cell and the approximate kept. Sections 264.71, 264.72, and 264.76 do not apply to location of each hazardous waste type within each owners and operators of on-site facilities that do not cell. receive any hazardous waste from off-site sources, and to owners and operators of off-site facilities with respect to waste military munitions exempted from manifest requirements under 40 CFR 266.203 (a). Section 264.73(b) only applies to permittees who treat, store, or dispose of hazardous wastes on-site where such wastes were generated. Does not apply to the SSSTF because 2.2.1 Disposal Staging Area TT APA 40 CFR 264.101 Corrective action for solid waste management units. Allows for alternative design standards to (a) For temporary tanks and container storage areas this is a CERCLA project. 1.05.008 (40 used to treat or store hazardous remediation wastes be used for temporary tanks and container 2.2.2 Treatment Staging Area _ x 264.553 storage areas in the SSSTF. If the during remedial activities required under 40 CFR 2.2.3 Liquid Waste Staging Area 264.101, or at a permitted facility that is not subject requirements called out under the other **Temporary Units**

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.. ⊀ 264.1052 through 1062,

264.1).

concentrations of at least 10 percent by

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less than 10 percent by weight organic

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(TU)	to 40 CFR 264.101, the Regional Administrator may designate a unit at the facility, as a temporary unit. A temporary unit must be located within the contiguous property under the control of the owner/operator where the wastes to be managed in the temporary unit originated. For temporary units, the Regional Administrator may replace the design, operating, or closure standard applicable to these units under this part 264 or part 265 of this chapter with alternative requirements that protect human health and the environment.	parts of 264 for tank and container storage areas are met by the SSSTF design, then this ARAR will have no effect on the SSSTF.	40 CFR 270.41 and 270.42	40 CFR 270.41 and 40 CFR 270.42 are administrative requirements for changes to part B permits.	There is no impact on SSSTF design or operations.	2.3.1 Disposal Staging Area 2.3.2 Treatment Staging Area 2.3.3 Special Waste Storage/Staging Area 3.1 Packaging for Off-Site Disposal 3.2 Secondary Waste Storage 3.4 Treatment Staging	
IDAPA 58.01.05.008 (40 CFR 264.554) Staging Piles	Describes the use of staging piles for remediation waste.	Impacts SSSTF in that staging piles can be used since all the waste coming to the SSSTF will be remediation waste. Does not impact SSSTF if staging piles will not be used.	40 CFR 260.10 Definitions	Staging pile means an accumulation of solid, non-flowing remediation waste (as defined in this section) that is not a containment building and that is used only during remedial operations for temporary storage at a facility. Staging piles must be designated by the Director according to the requirements of 40 CFR 264.554.	Definition of staging piles has no impact on SSSTF.	2.2.1 Disposal Staging Area 2.2.2 Treatment Staging Area 2.2.3 Liquid Waste Staging Area 2.3.1 Disposal Staging Area 2.3.2 Treatment Staging Area 2.3.3 Special Waste Storage/Staging Area 3.1 Packaging for Off-Site Disposal 3.2 Secondary Waste Storage 3.4 Treatment Staging	
IDAPA 58.01.05.008 (40 CFR 264.601) Environmental Performance Standards For Miscellaneous Units	Miscellaneous unit means a hazardous waste management unit where hazardous waste is treated, stored, or disposed of, and it is not a container, tank, surface impoundment, pile, land treatment unit, landfill, incinerator, boiler, industrial furnace, underground injection well with appropriate technical standards under part 146 of this chapter, containment building, corrective action management unit, unit eligible for a research, development, and demonstration permit under 40 CFR 270.65, or staging pile.		Subpart I–O Subpart AA–CC 40 CFR 270 40 CFR 146	N/A	N/A	2.2.1 Disposal Staging Area 2.2.2 Treatment Staging Area 2.2.3 Liquid Waste Staging Area 2.3.1 Disposal Staging Area 2.3.2 Treatment Staging Area 2.3.3 Special Waste Storage/Staging Area 3.3 Waste Sizing 3.5 Solid Waste Treatment 3.6 Liquid Waste treatment	
TAPA 1.05.008 (40 K 264.1052	(a) The regulations in this subpart apply to owners and operators of facilities that treat, store, or dispose of hazardous wastes (except as provided in 40 CFR 264.1)	This regulations states that they only apply to equipment that contains or contacts hazardous wastes with organic concentrations of at least 10 percent by	264.1064(k)	Record keeping requirements	Administrative/Operational Does not apply to SSSTF design or operations because the design basis inventory is less than 10 percent by weight organic	3.5 Solid Waste Treatment 3.6 Liquid Waste Treatment	

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which are within Subpart BB)	Except as provided in 40CFR 264.1064 (k), this	weight. There is no waste inventory for the SSSTF to handle that has organic			compounds.	
Air Emission Standards for Equipment Leaks	subpart applies to equipment that contains or contacts hazardous wastes with organic concentrations of at least 10 percent by weight.	concentrations this high. Therefore, this regulation will have no impact on the design or operation of the SSSTF.				
40 CFR 264.1050 Applicability						
IDAPA 58.01.05.008 (40	(a) This section applies to the management of hazardous waste in tanks, surface impoundments,	The design basis inventory for the ICDF does not include any waste that is over	None	N/A	N/A	2.1.1 Solid Waste Off- Load/Load Area
CFR 264.1082 through 1088)	and containers subject to this subpart. (b) The owner or operator shall control air pollutant	500 ppmw Volatile Organics. Therefore, the SSSTF is exempt from these requirements.				2.1.2 Liquid Waste Off- Load/Load Area
Subpart CC – Air Emission Standards	emissions from each hazardous waste management unit in accordance with standards specified in 40	Todan smonth.				2.2.1 Disposal Staging Area
for Tanks, Surface	CFR 264.1084 through 264.1087 of this subpart, as					2.2.2 Treatment Staging Area
Impoundments, and Containers.	applicable to the hazardous waste management unit, except as provided for in paragraph (c) of this			·		2.2.3 Liquid Waste Staging Area
FR 264.1082 Emission	section. (c) A tank, surface impoundment, or container is					2.2.4 Empty Waste Container Storage/Staging Area
Standards for Tanks, Surface	exempt from standards specified in 40 CFR 264.1084 through 40 CFR 264.1087 of this subpart,				·	2.3.1 Disposal Staging Area
Impoundments, and	as applicable, provided that the waste management					2.3.2 Treatment Staging Area
Containers	unit is one of the following: A tank, surface impoundment, or container for which					2.3.3 Special Waste Storage/Staging Area
	all hazardous waste entering the unit has an average VO concentration at the point of waste origination of					3.1 Packaging for Off-Site Disposal
	less than 500 parts per million by weight (ppmw). The average VO concentration shall be determined					3.2 Secondary Waste Storage
	using the procedures specified in 40 CFR 264.1083(a) of this subpart. The owner or operator					3.4 Treatment Staging
	shall review and update, as necessary, this					3.5 Solid Waste Treatment
	determination at least once every 12 months following the date of the initial determination for the					3.6 Liquid Waste Treatment
	hazardous waste streams entering the unit.					4.2 Solids Collection
						4.3 Liquids Collection
IDAPA	For the specific requirements see the full text of the	The design and operating requirements	40 CFR	(d) Secondary containment for tanks must include one	Design requirements for containment	2.2.1 Disposal Staging Area
58.01.05.008 (40 CFR 264.1100	regulation.	for containment buildings that must be met so that handling of hazardous waste	264.193(d)(1) Containment and	or more of the following devices: (1) A liner (external to the tank); (2) A vault, (3) a Double-walled tank; or	buildings at SSSTF. See regulatory text.	2.2.2 Treatment Staging Area
through 1102)		in the building is not considered land	detection of releases	an equivalent device as approved by the Regional	WAL	2.2.3 Liquid Waste Staging Area
Subpart DD -		disposal. These design requirements include such items as:		Administrator.		2.3.1 Disposal Staging Area
C rtainment lings		A primary barrier that is designed to be	40 CFR 264.193(b)	(b) Secondary containment systems must be:		2.3.2 Treatment Staging Area
40 CFR 264.1100 Containment		sufficiently durable to withstand the movement of personnel, wastes, and	Containment and detection of releases	(1) Designed, installed, and operated to prevent any migration of wastes or accumulated liquid out of the system to the soil, ground water, or surface water at		2.3.3 Special Waste Storage/Staging Area

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Buildings		handling equipment within the unit; controls sufficient to prevent fugitive dust emissions to meet the no visible emission standard in 40 CFR 264.1101(c)(1)(iv); (iv) Take measures to control fugitive dust emissions such that any openings (doors, windows, vents, cracks, etc.) exhibit no visible emissions (see 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, Method 22Visual Determination of Fugitive Emissions from Material Sources and Smoke Emissions from Flares). In addition, all associated particulate collection devices (e.g., fabric filter, electrostatic precipitator) must be operated and maintained with sound air pollution control practices (see 40 CFR part 60 subpart 292 for guidance). This state of no visible emissions must be maintained effectively at all times during routine operating and maintenance conditions, including when vehicles and personnel are entering and exiting the unit	40 CFR 264.193(c) (1) and (2) Containment and detection of releases 40 CFR 60.292 Standards for Particulate Matter 40 CFR 261.3(d)	any time during the use of the tank system; and (2) Capable of detecting and collecting releases and accumulated liquids until the collected material is removed. (c) To meet the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section, secondary containment systems must be at a minimum: (1) Constructed of or lined with materials that are compatible with the wastes(s) to be placed in the tank system and must have sufficient strength and thickness to prevent failure owing to pressure gradients (including static head and external hydrological forces), physical contact with the waste to which it is exposed, climatic conditions, and the stress of daily operation (including stresses from nearby vehicular traffic). (2) Placed on a foundation or base capable of providing support to the secondary containment system, resistance to pressure gradients above and below the system, and capable of preventing failure due to settlement, compression, or uplift. Standards for Particulate Matter at Glass Manufacturing Plants. Does not apply to the SSSTF Definition of when a solid waste is not hazardous.	Not applicable Does not affect design or operation of the SSSTF, since the facility will be designed and operated to handle hazardous waste See closure and post-closure	3.1 Packaging for Off-Site Disposal 3.2 Secondary Waste Storage 3.4 Treatment Staging 3.5 Solid Waste Treatment 3.6 Liquid Waste Treatment
•	-		40 CFR 264, Subpart G – Closure and post-closure 40 CFR 264, Subpart H 40 CFR 264.310, Closure and Post closure care of landfills	Financial Requirements. Not Applicable. Not Applicable.	requirements elsewhere in this table. Does not apply to the SSSTF Does not apply to the SSSTF if the SSSTF is removed and placed into the ICDF landfill at closure	
IDAPA 58.01.05.011 (40 CER 268) Disposal Restrictions	 (a) This part identifies hazardous wastes that are restricted from land disposal and defines those limited circumstances under which an otherwise prohibited waste may continue to be land disposed. (b) Except as specifically provided otherwise in this part or part 261 of this chapter, the requirements of 	(a) Administrative, makes 268 applicable to the waste storage at the SSSTF.(b) Administrative, makes 268 applicable to the SSSTF as a hazardous waste	40 CFR 268.40	Treatment standards for hazardous waste.	Design and operations treatment systems must be designed and operated to meet the required treatment standards.	1.2 Transport Load Inspection and Verification 1.3 Record Keeping 3.5 Solid Waste Treatment 3.6 Liquid Waste Treatment

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Operations, Design, or SSSTF/ICDF Complex Operations, Design, or Administrative **ARAR Citation ARAR Requirement Invoked Citation** Invoked ARAR Requirement Administrative Requirement for Functional Block Flow Requirement for ARAR Invoked ARAR Diagram Block Number this part apply to persons who generate or transport treatment and storage facility.. 40 CFR 268.1 hazardous waste and owners and operators of Purpose, scope, and hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal applicability facilities. (4) Wastes that are hazardous only because they (4) Administrative, applies to waste exhibit a hazardous characteristic, and which are exhibiting a hazardous characteristic. otherwise prohibited under this part, are not These waste can be land disposed if they prohibited if the wastes meet any of the following meet the stated requirements. Only (4) criteria, unless the wastes are subject to a specified (iv) is relevant to the SSST method of treatment other than DEACT in 40 CFR 268.40, or are D003 reactive cyanide: (iv) The wastes no longer exhibit a prohibited characteristic at the point of land disposal (i.e., placement in a surface impoundment). (d) The requirements of this part shall not affect the (d) Administrative availability of a waiver under section 121(d)(4) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA). (e) The following hazardous wastes are not subject to Not applicable, SSSTF waste do not meet any provision of part 268: the listed types of waste, eg, small quantity generator, agricultural pesticides, batteries, theromostats, etc. 40 CFR 268.2 When used in this part the following terms have the 40 CFR 761.3 Administrative. All definitions are See PCB regulations within this table. N/A 1.2 Transport Load Inspection **Definitions** meanings given below: applicable to the SSSTF. and Verification (a) Halogenated organic compounds or HOCs means 3.5 Solid Waste Treatment those compounds having a carbon-halogen bond 3.6 Liquid Waste Treatment which are listed under appendix III to this part. (b) Hazardous constituent or constituents means those constituents listed in appendix VIII to part 261 of this chapter. (c) Land disposal means placement in or on the land, except in a corrective action management unit or staging pile, and includes, but is not limited to, placement in a landfill, surface impoundment, waste pile, injection well, land treatment facility, salt dome formation, salt bed formation, underground mine or cave, or placement in a concrete vault, or bunker intended for disposal purposes. (d) Nonwastewaters are wastes that do not meet the criteria for wastewaters in paragraph (f) of this section.

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	(e) Polychlorinated biphenyls or PCBs are halogenated organic compounds defined in accordance with 40 CFR 761.3.		·			
	(f) Wastewaters are wastes that contain less than 1% by weight total organic carbon (TOC) and less than 1% by weight total suspended solids (TSS).					
	(g) Debris means solid material exceeding a 60 mm particle size that is intended for disposal and that is: A manufactured object; or plant or animal matter; or natural geologic material. However, the following materials are not debris: Any material for which a specific treatment standard is provided in Subpart D, Part 268, namely lead acid batteries, cadmium batteries, and radioactive lead solids; Process residuals such as smelter slag and residues from the treatment of waste, wastewater, sludges, or air emission residues; and Intact containers of hazardous waste that are not ruptured and that retain at least 75% of their original volume. A mixture of debris that has not been treated to the standards provided by 40 CFR 268.45 and other material is subject to regulation as debris if the mixture is comprised primarily of debris, by volume, based on visual inspection.					
40 CFR 268.2 Definitions (continued)	(h) Hazardous debris means debris that contains a hazardous waste listed in 261, Subpart D of this chapter, or that exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste identified in 261, Subpart C of this chapter. Any deliberate mixing of prohibited hazardous waste with debris that changes its treatment classification (i.e., from waste to hazardous debris) is not allowed under the dilution prohibition in 40 CFR 268.3.					
	(i) Underlying hazardous constituent means any constituent listed in 40 CFR 268.48, Table UTS-Universal Treatment Standards, except fluoride, selenium, sulfides, vanadium, and zinc, which can reasonably be expected to be present at the point of generation of the hazardous waste at a concentration above the constituent-specific UTS treatment standards.					
	(j) Inorganic metal-bearing waste is one for which EPA has established treatment standards for metal hazardous constituents, and which does not otherwise contain significant organic or cyanide content as described in 40 CFR 268.3(c)(1), and is specifically listed in appendix XI of this part.					

Technical and Functional Requirements

PENDIX B - SSSTF Regulatory Requirements

WAG 3 STAGING, STORAGE, SIZING, AND TREATMENT FACILITY

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ARAR Citation	ARAR Requirement	Operations, Design, or Administrative Requirement for ARAR	Invoked Citation	Invoked ARAR Requirement	Operations, Design, or Administrative Requirement for Invoked ARAR	SSSTF/ICDF Complex Functional Block Flow Diagram Block Number
	(k) Soil means unconsolidated earth material composing the superficial geologic strata (material overlying bedrock), consisting of clay, silt, sand, or gravel size particles as classified by the U.S. Natural Resources Conservation Service, or a mixture of such materials with liquids, sludges or solids which is inseparable by simple mechanical removal processes and is made up primarily of soil by volume based on visual inspection. Any deliberate mixing of prohibited hazardous waste with soil that changes its treatment classification (i.e., from waste to contaminated soil) is not allowed under the dilution prohibition in 40 CFR 268.3.					
Dilution prohibited as a substitute for treatment.	(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, no generator, transporter, handler, or owner or operator of a treatment, storage, or disposal facility shall in any way dilute a restricted waste or the residual from treatment of a restricted waste as a substitute for adequate treatment to achieve compliance with subpart D of this part, to circumvent the effective date of a prohibition in subpart C of this part, to otherwise avoid a prohibition in subpart C of this part, or to circumvent a land disposal prohibition imposed by RCRA section 3004.	Operations: Cannot dilute a restricted waste or residual from a restricted waste as a substitute for adequate treatment. Applies to operations of SSSTF stabilization treatment.	40 CFR 268.40 40 CFR 268.48	See Treatment Standards for hazardous waste within this table. See Universal Treatment standards within this table.	See 40 CFR 268.40 within this table See 40 CFR 268.48 within this table	1.2 Transport Load Inspection and Verification 3.5 Solid Waste Treatment 3.6 Liquid Waste Treatment
	(b) Dilution of wastes that are hazardous only because they exhibit a characteristic in treatment systems which include land- based units which treat wastes subsequently discharged to a water of the United States pursuant to a permit issued under section 402 of the Clean Water Act (CWA), or which treat wastes in a CWA-equivalent treatment system, or which treat wastes for the purposes of pretreatment requirements under section 307 of the CWA is not impermissible dilution for purposes of this section unless a method other than DEACT has been specified in 40 CFR 268.40 as the treatment standard, or unless the waste is a D003 reactive cyanide wastewater or nonwastewater.	(b) Dilution is allowable for certain systems. Not applicable to the SSSTF.				
	(c) Combustion of the hazardous waste codes listed	(c) Not applicable to the SSSTF,				